In 2020, Cornelis Networks acquired the Omni-Path business of Intel Corporation, including the Intel[®] Omni-Path and Intel[®] True Scale products.

Cornelis Networks is now the manufacturer of these products, renamed Omni-Path and True Scale.

As Cornelis Networks creates and transitions to its own written materials for the products, you can reference the attached legacy materials.

All questions and product support requests should be directed to support@cornelisnetworks.com.

CASE STUDY

High Performance Computing (HPC) Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processor Intel® Omni-Path Architecture Intel® SSD DC Series Drives



Hokkaido University Launches New HPC and Intercloud Infrastructure for Large-scale and Distributed Computing

Intel[®] Xeon[®] Scalable Processors and Intel[®] Omni-Path Architecture help boost HPC computational capability 23X¹

Supercomputer and Intercloud Highlights:

- Grand Chariot: 1,004 nodes Fujitsu PRIMERGY* CX2550 with Intel[®] Xeon[®] Gold 6148 processors
- Polaire: 288 nodes Fujitsu PRIMERGY CX1640 M1/PRMERGY CX600 M1 with Intel[®] Xeon Phi[™] 7250
- Intercloud: 71 nodes Fujitsu PRIMERGY servers with Intel[®] Xeon[®] Gold 6138 processors
- Intel[®] Omni-Path Architecture fabric (100 Gbps)





Executive Summary

Japan's <u>Hokkaido University Information Initiative Center</u> provides High Performance Computing (HPC) and cloud computing services to researchers at the institution and across Japan. The university's HPC resources are connected with other supercomputers around the country as part of its High Performance Computing Infrastructure (HPCI) initiative. To continue to support insight and innovation in computational research, the Information Initiative Center increased research supercomputing capacity 23X¹ with installation in December 2018 of Grand Chariot (3.08 petaFLOPS) based on Intel[®] Xeon[®] Gold 6148 processors and Polaire (0.87 petaFLOPS) built on Intel[®] Xeon Phi[™] 7250 processors—both interconnected by Intel[®] Omni-Path Architecture fabric.

Challenge

Hokkaido University promotes world-class computational research to solve the problems confronting humankind. The University's Information Initiative Center takes a major role to support the activity by providing large-scale computing and networking services to researchers. The typical research run on Hokkaido University's supercomputers includes ocean analysis, electromagnetic field analysis, weather simulation, computational chemistry, and others.

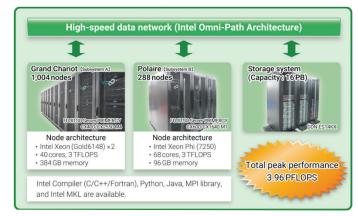
Since 2011, the university has supported scholarly studies in cloud services to promote research for the practical use of intercloud systems. Combining the results of this research and its need to expand supercomputing capacity, in 2018 it developed an interdisciplinary large-scale computer system called the High Performance Intercloud. The Intercloud includes a supercomputer system and a cloud system.

Solution

Hokkaido University's interdisciplinary <u>supercomputer</u> comprises two clusters totaling nearly four petaFLOPS of theoretical performance.¹ To support supercomputing applications in various scientific domains, Hokkaido University deployed a 3.08 petaFLOPS cluster called Grand Chariot. The supercomputer uses 1,004 nodes of Fujitsu PRIMERGY* CX2550 with Intel® Xeon® Gold 6148 processors (40 cores/node). Grand Chariot ranked 95 in the November 2018 Top500². Furthermore, considering the trend of HPC technology, the Information Initiative Center installed a 288-node cluster called Polaire. It uses Fujitsu PRIMERGY* servers with Intel® Xeon Phi™ 7250 processors. Polaire will be used to develop an advanced simulation code which efficiently utilizes many-core processors.

Both clusters are interconnected by 100 Gbps Intel[®] Omni-Path Architecture (Intel[®] OPA) fabric and supported by a Data Direct Networks 16 petabyte Lustre* storage system. Each node in Grand Chariot includes two Intel OPA host fabric adapters

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Interdisciplinary supercomputer clusters: Grand Chariot and Polaire

to support increased injection bandwidth and to ensure continued job execution if a switch fails.

To support advanced research projects employing large-scale distributed systems with high-speed networks across Japan, Hokkaido University built a distributed cloud infrastructure stretching from the Information Initiative Center's data center to Kyushu. The distributed Intercloud system comprises groups of servers installed at Hokkaido University, University of Tokyo, Osaka University, and Kyushu University. Archive storage was installed at Kitami Institute of Technology. Internally, a 25 Gbps Ethernet* network connects the cloud servers. The entire cloud is connected to Japan's Science Information Network (SINET5).

The cloud system uses 71 servers built on Intel® Xeon® Gold 6138 processors. Each group of servers is configured to support different types of workloads and use cases. Users can request a bare-metal server with all the resources on the platform to run their applications. Virtual environments are also available to create isolated virtual machines. Users can select the amount of resources they need, and the Intercloud system will deploy the environment for their use. For GPUbased applications, researchers and students can request a physical server with two GPUs. The variety of configurable environments gives users a wide range of possible platforms on which to run their workloads.

Results

With the supercomputer and cloud systems located close to each other, the infrastructure has special characteristics appropriate for collaboration with Internet of Things (IoT) technology and analysis of sensor data. The Information Initiative Center expects advanced research to leverage such collaboration in IoT, analytics, and machine learning.

Solution Summary

- Intel[®] Xeon[®] Gold 6148 processors (40,160 cores total)
- Intel[®] Xeon Phi[™] 7250 processor (19,584 cores total)
- Intel[®] Xeon[®] Gold 6138 processor (2,840 cores total)
- Intel[®] Omni-Path Architecture fabric (100 Gbps)

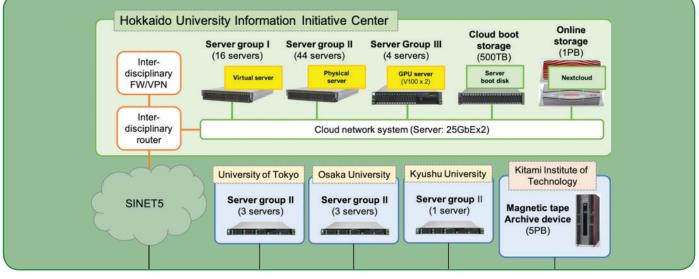
Where to Get More Information

Learn more about Intel Xeon Scalable Processors at <u>https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/processors/xeon/</u>scalable/xeon-scalable-platform.html.

Learn more about Intel Omni-Path Architecture at https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/high-performance-computing-fabrics/omni-path-architecture-fabric-overview.html.

Learn more about Grand Chariot and Polaire at <u>https://www.hucc.hokudai.ac.jp/en/supercomputer/sc-overview/</u>.

Learn more about the Intercloud at <u>https://www.hucc.</u> hokudai.ac.jp/en/intercloud/overview-intercloud/



Hokkaido University intercloud servers

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¹Testing completed by Hikkaido University on December 22, 2018. Based on theoretical peak performance of 3.08 +0.87 pF listed at https://www.bupbercomputer/sc-overview/ for both systems and Top500 performance of previous system (0.168907 pF) shown at https://www.top500.org/system/177462. Previous computer configuration listed at https://www.hitchi.co.jp/New/cnews/month/2011/10/1031. https://www.hitchi.co.jp/New/cnews/month/2011/10/1031</a

Polaire system configuration, .87 pFLOPS: 288 nodes. PRIMERGY CX1640 M1, PRIMERGY CX600 M1, Intel Xeon Phi 7250, 16 GB MCDRAM (96 GB total), 64 GB SATA, Intel OPA at 100 Gbps. Previous system configuration, 170 teraFLOPS: 114 nodes. Hitachi BS2000 servers, Intel® Xeon® processor E7-8870, 128GB, 10 Gbps Ethernet; Hitachi SR16000 M1 server, Power7* processor.

²https://www.top500.org/system/179445

Software and workloads used in performance tests may have been optimized for performance only on Intel microprocessors. Performance tests, such as SYSmark and MobileMark, are measured using specific computer systems, components, software, operations and functions. Any change to any of those factors may cause the results to vary. You should consult other information and performance tests to assist you in fully evaluating your contemplated purchases, including the performance of that product when combined with other products. For more complete information visit www.intel.com/benchmarks.

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